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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/734,700	12/11/2003	Balaji S. Thenthiruperai	2493	8862
28005 SPRINT	7590 08/18/2008		EXAMINER	
6391 SPRINT PARKWAY			IQBAL, KHAWAR	
KSOPHT0101-Z2100 OVERLAND PARK, KS 66251-2100			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2617	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/734,700 THENTHIRUPERALET AL Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit KHAWAR IQBAL 2617 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 03 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 April 2008. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1-11.13-25.29 and 30 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-11.13-25.29-30 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are; a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abevance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s)

PTOL-326 (Rev. 08-06)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/S5/08)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date ______.

Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date.

6) Other:

Notice of Informal Patent Application

Application/Control Number: 10/734,700 Page 2

Art Unit: 2617

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

 The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior at are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 1-11, 13-25 and 29-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103 (a) as being unpatentable over Barclay (20030119522) in views of Hussain et al (20020037750).
- 3. Regarding claim 1 Barclay et al teaches a method comprising (Figs. 1-5): in a client station (101, fig. 1), detecting a request to initiate call (para. # 0019); and responsive to the request, sending from the client station (101) into a network a message indicating how to carry out a location-based service, wherein the message indicates a location granularity preference of a user of the client station (para. # 0016, 0018-0020, Note: sending to a called party at a first location, a telephone call from a calling party having a second location and while the **telephone call** is in progress selecting a granularity value from among a predetermined set of granularity values. Responsive to the selected granularity providing location information including at least one of the first location to the calling party the location information having the selected granularity and the selected location display format).

Barclay also teaches that three levels of granularity of information are shown in FIG. 2; any number of granularities of location information may be utilized. Other examples of location granularities include room, floor, building name, facility name, highway, county, state, province, country, time zone, train ID, bus ID, taxi ID, and so forth. At step 301, location (providing the called party with at least two options for granularity of the location) granularity options are provided to a customer. At step 303, the customer selects one of the options sends the options for receipt by the service provider. Optionally, the customer may select various different granularity settings for different parties or circumstances (see fig 2 and 3, para. 0016, 0018, and 0020).

Barclay does not specifically state in detail a voice call.

In an analogous art, Hussain et al teaches voice call (para. # 0018, 0141). Hussain et al also teaches mobile equipment consisting of logic module operates in communication with memory to enable retrieval of a number from memory. When the call is initiated, a notification message is sent along with the call initiation message. The notification may include dialed digits, time of call, and/or location information originating from the ME. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device of Barclay et al by specifically adding feature in order to enhance system performance a notification message is sent along with the call initiation message as taught by Hussain et al.

Application/Control Number: 10/734,700

Art Unit: 2617

Regarding claim 2 Barclay et al teaches wherein detecting the request to initiate the voice call comprises receiving a set of dialed digits from a user of the client station (para. # 18-20).

Regarding claim 3 Barclay et al teaches further comprising comparing the set of dialed digits to sets of dialed digits stored in a database of the client station (para. # 18-20, see claim 1).

Regarding claim 4 Barclay et al teaches further comprising recognizing that the set of dialed digits corresponds to a selected telephone number (para. # 18-20, see claim 1).

Regarding claim 5 Barclay et al teaches wherein sending the message from the client station into the network comprises sending the message from the client station to a location-based service provider associated with the selected telephone number (para. # 18-20, see claim 1).

Regarding claim 6 Barclay et al teaches retrieving a location granularity preference of a user from memory of the client station; and sending the location granularity preference into the network (para. # 18-20, see claim 1).

Regarding claim 7 Barclay et al teaches wherein the location granularity preference is stored in the client station (para. # 18-20, see claim 1).

Regarding claim 8 Barclay et al teaches wherein the memory of the client station includes a plurality of location granularity preferences, wherein each location granularity preference corresponds to a respective location application (para. # 18-20, see claim 1).

Regarding claim 9 Barclay et al teaches wherein the message directs the network to determine a location of the client station (para. # 18-20, see claim 1).

Regarding claim 10 Barclay et al teaches wherein the message directs the network not to determine a location of the client station (para. # 18-20, see claim 1).

Regarding claim 11 Barclay et al teaches wherein the message indicates a location determination consent level of a user of the client station (para. # 18-20, see claim 1).

Regarding claim 12 Barclay et al teaches wherein the message indicates a location granularity preference of a user of the client station (para. # 18-20, see claim 1).

Regarding claim 13 Barclay et al teaches wherein the location granularity preference instructs the network to determine a location of the client station, and based on the location, to provide a randomly adjusted location of the client station to a location-based application that corresponds to the voice call (para. # 18-20, see claim 1).

Regarding claim 14 Barclay et al teaches further comprising receiving a location based service in response to the message from the network (para. # 18-20, see claim 1).

Application/Control Number: 10/734,700
Art Unit: 2617

Regarding claim 15 Barclay et al teaches further comprising storing the location granularity preference on the client station (para. # 18-20, see claim 1).

Regarding claim 16 Barclay et al teaches further comprising the user modifying the location granularity preference on the client station (para. # 18-20, see claim 1, see claim 1).

Regarding claim 17 Barclay et al teaches further comprising receiving a response to the message from the network indicating a location of the client station (para. # 18-20, see claim 1).

Regarding claim 18 Barclay et al teaches wherein sending the message from the client station into the network comprises sending a short message service (SMS) message into the network (para. # 18-20, see claim 1).

Regarding claim 19 Barclay et al teaches wherein sending the message from the client station into the network comprises sending an HTTP message into the network (para. # 18-20, see claim 1).

Regarding claim 20 Barclay et al teaches wherein sending the message from the client station into the network comprises sending an SIP message into the network (para. # 18-20).

Regarding claim 21 Barclay et al teaches wherein sending from the client station into the network the message indicating how to carry out the location-based service comprises sending the message via a communication path comprising an air interface (para. # 18-20).

Regarding claim 22 Barclay et al teaches a method comprising (figs. 1-5): receiving a request from a user to place a voice call to a given directory number

(para. # 18-20); recognizing that the given directory number is associated with a particular destination party (para. # 18-20); and responsive to the request and before initiating the voice call to the given directory number, sending to the particular destination party a message indicating a location granularity preference of the user (para, # 0016, 0018-0020, Note; sending to a called party at a first location, a telephone call from a calling party having a second location and while the telephone call is in progress selecting a granularity value from among a predetermined set of granularity values. Responsive to the selected granularity providing location information including at least one of the first locations to the calling party the location information having the selected granularity and the selected location display format). Barclay also teaches that three levels of granularity of information are shown in FIG. 2; any number of granularities of location information may be utilized. Other examples of location granularities include room, floor, building name, facility name, highway, county, state, province, country, time zone, train ID, bus ID, taxi ID, and so forth. At step 301, location (providing the called party with at least two options for granularity of the location) granularity options are provided to a customer. At step 303, the customer selects one of the options sends the

options for receipt by the service provider. Optionally, the customer may select various different granularity settings for different parties or circumstances (see

fig 2 and 3, para. 0016, 0018, and 0020).

Barclay does not specifically state a voice call.

In an analogous art, Hussain et al teaches voice call (para, # 0018, 0141).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device of Barclay et al by specifically adding feature in order to enhance system performance to allowing a customer to locate a calling party without the need to ask the party as taught by Hussain et al.

Regarding claim 23 Barclay et al teaches wherein the given directory number corresponds to a location-based application (para. # 18-20).

Regarding claim 24 Barclay et al teaches wherein the particular destination party corresponds to an entity selected from the group consisting of a location-based application and a location system (para. # 18-20).

Regarding claim 25 Barclay et al teaches wherein recognizing that the given directory number is associated with the particular destination party comprises comparing the given directory number with location-based service numbers stored on a client station of the user (para. # 18-20).

Regarding claim 29 Barclay et al teaches a client station comprising (figs. 1-5):

a processor; data storage (para. # 18-20); and

program logic stored in the data storage and executable by the processor, to: detect a request to initiate a call (para. # 0018), and responsive to the request, send into a network a message indicating how to carry out a location-based

Application/Control Number: 10/734,700

Art Unit: 2617

service, wherein the message indicates a location granularity preference of a user of the client station (para. # 0016, 0018-0020, Note: sending to a called party at a first location, a telephone call from a calling party having a second location and while the telephone call is in progress selecting a granularity value from among a predetermined set of granularity values. Responsive to the selected granularity providing location information including at least one of the first locations to the calling party the location information having the selected granularity and the selected location display format).

Barclay also teaches that three levels of granularity of information are shown in FIG. 2; any number of granularities of location information may be utilized. Other examples of location granularities include room, floor, building name, facility name, highway, county, state, province, country, time zone, train ID, bus ID, taxi ID, and so forth. At step 301, location (providing the called party with at least two options for granularity of the location) granularity options are provided to a customer. At step 303, the customer selects one of the options sends the options for receipt by the service provider. Optionally, the customer may select various different granularity settings for different parties or circumstances (see fig 2 and 3, para. 0016, 0018, and 0020).

Barday does not specifically state a voice call.

In an analogous art, Hussain et al teaches voice call (para. # 0018, 0141).

Hussain et al also teaches mobile equipment consisting of logic module operates in communication with memory to enable retrieval of a number from memory. When the call is initiated, a notification message is sent along with the

Application/Control Number: 10/734,700

Art Unit: 2617

call initiation message. The notification may include dialed digits, time of call, and/or location information originating from the ME. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device of Barclay et al by specifically adding feature in order to enhance system performance a notification message is sent along with the call initiation message as taught by Hussain et al.

Regarding claim 30 Barclay et al teaches wherein the client station is selected from the group consisting of a mobile station and a landline station (para. # 0018, fig. 1).

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments filed in the 4-29-08 Remarks have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Examiner has thoroughly reviewed applicant's arguments but firmly believes the cited reference to reasonably and properly meets the claimed limitations. Applicant's argument was that "wherein the message indicates a location granularity preference of a user of the client station". Examiner respectfully disagrees with this argument. Barclay et al teaches see para. # 0016, 0018-0020, sending to a called party at a first location, a telephone call from a calling party having a second location and while the telephone call is in progress selecting a granularity value from among a predetermined set of granularity values. Responsive to the selected granularity providing location information including at least one of the first location to the calling party the location information having the selected granularity and the selected location display format (The information is provided on a subscription

basis or by querying location information on an ad hoe basis. The customer selects the granularity and a format in which the information is sent). Three levels of granularity of information are shown in FIG. 2 and any number of granularities of location information may be utilized. Other examples of location granularities include room, floor, building name, facility name, highway, county, state, province, country, time zone, train ID, bus ID, taxi ID, and so forth. See step 301 fig. 3, location (providing the called party with at least two options for granularity of the location) granularity options are provided to a customer and step 303, the customer selects one of the options sends the options for receipt by the service provider. Optionally, the customer may select various different granularity settings for different parties or circumstances (see fig 2 and 3, para. 0016, 0018, and 0020). In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. However, Hussain et al teaches mobile equipment consisting of logic module operates in communication with memory to enable retrieval of a number from memory. When the call is initiated, a notification message is sent along with the call initiation message. The notification may include dialed digits, time of call, and/or location information originating from the ME (para. # 0018, 0141).

Conclusion

 THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a). Application/Control Number: 10/734,700 Art Unit: 2617

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to KHAWAR IQBAL whose telephone number is (571)272-7909. The examiner can normally be reached on 9 am to 6.30 pm Monday to Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, GEORGE ENG can be reached on 571-272-7495. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/734,700 Page 13

Art Unit: 2617

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/George Eng/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2617

/K. I./ Examiner, Art Unit 2617